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## About This Manual

The manual mainly describes the product information, guidelines for installation, operation and maintenance. The manual cannot include complete information about the photovoltaic (PV) system.

## How to Use This Manual

Read the manual and other related documents before performing any operation on the inverter. Documents must be stored carefully and be available at all times.

**Contents may be periodically updated or revised due to product development. The information in this manual is subject to change without notice.** The latest manual can be acquired via [service@deye.com.cn](mailto:service@deye.com.cn)

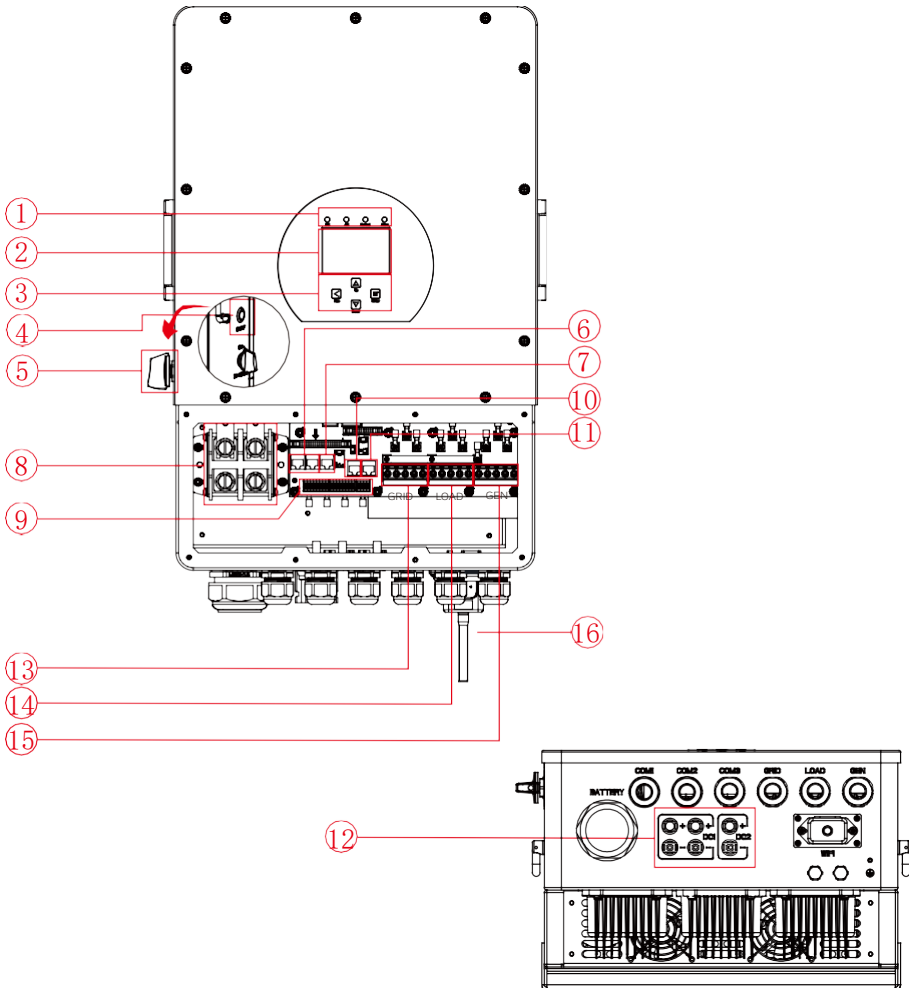
## 1. Safety Introductions

- This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.
- Before using the inverter, please read the instructions and warning signs of the battery and corresponding sections in the instruction manual.
- Do not disassemble the inverter. If you need maintenance or repair, take it to a professional service center.
- Improper reassembly may result in electric shock or fire.
- To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wires before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
- **Caution:** Only qualified personnel can install this device with battery.
- Never charge a frozen battery.
- For optimum operation of this inverter, please follow required specifications to select appropriate cable size. It is very important to correctly operate this inverter.
- Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. Dropping a tool may cause a spark or short circuit in batteries or other electrical parts, even cause an explosion.
- Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals. Please refer to "Installation" section of this manual for the details.
- Grounding instructions - this inverter should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulations to install this inverter.
- Never cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do not connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.

## 2. Product Introduction

This is a multifunctional inverter, combining functions of inverter, solar charger and battery charger to offer uninterrupted power support with portable size. Its comprehensive LCD display offers user configurable and easy accessible button operation such as battery charging, AC/solar charging, and acceptable input voltage based on different applications.

## 2.1 Product Overview



1: Inverter indicators

2: LCD display

3: Function buttons

4: Power on/off button

5: DC switch

6: Parallel port

7: Meter-485 port

8: Battery input connectors

9: Function port

10: ModeBUS port

11: BMS port

12: PV input with two MPPT

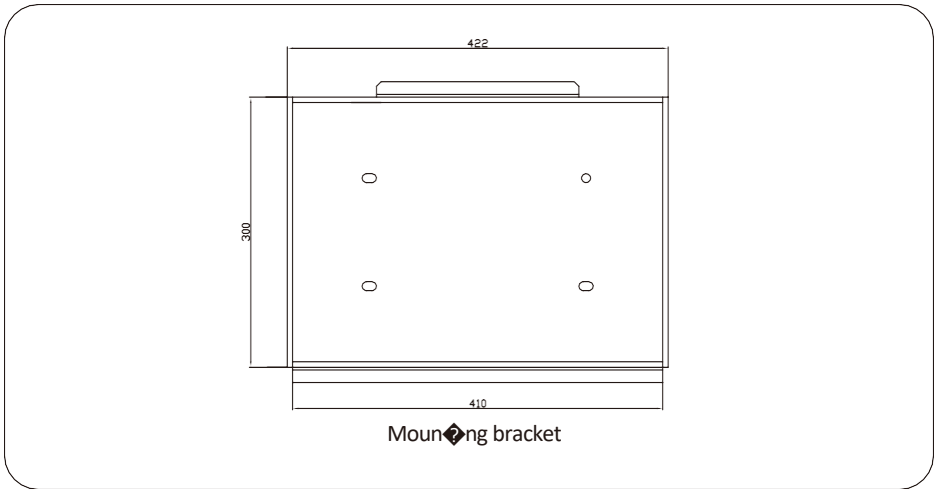
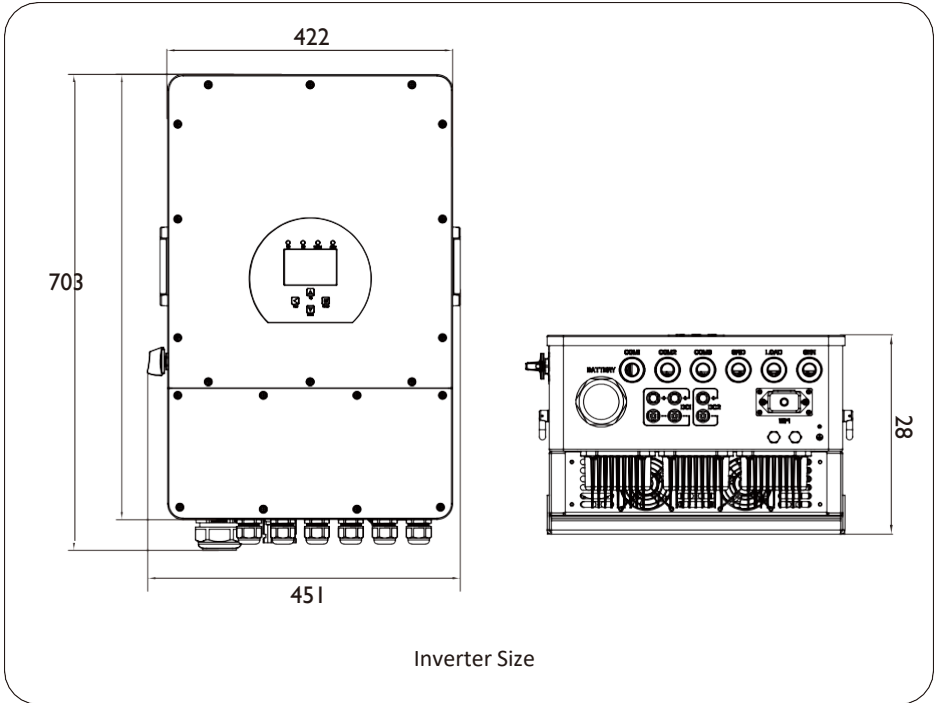
13: Grid

14: Load

15: Generator input

16: WiFi Interface

## 2.2 Product Size



## 2.3 Product Features

- 230V/400V Three phase Pure sine wave inverter.
- Self-consumption and feed-in to the grid.
- Auto restart while AC is recovering.
- Programmable supply priority for battery or grid.
- Programmable multiple operation modes: On grid, off grid and UPS.
- Configurable battery charging current/voltage based on applications by LCD setting.
- Configurable AC/Solar/Generator Charger priority by LCD setting.
- Compatible with mains voltage or generator power.
- Overload/over temperature/short circuit protection.
- Smart battery charger design for optimized battery performance
- With limit function, prevent excess power overflow to the grid.
- Supporting WIFI monitoring and build-in 2 strings for 1 MPP tracker, 1 string for 1 MPP tracker.
- Smart selectable three stages MPPT charging for optimized battery performance.
- Time of use function.
- Smart Load Function.

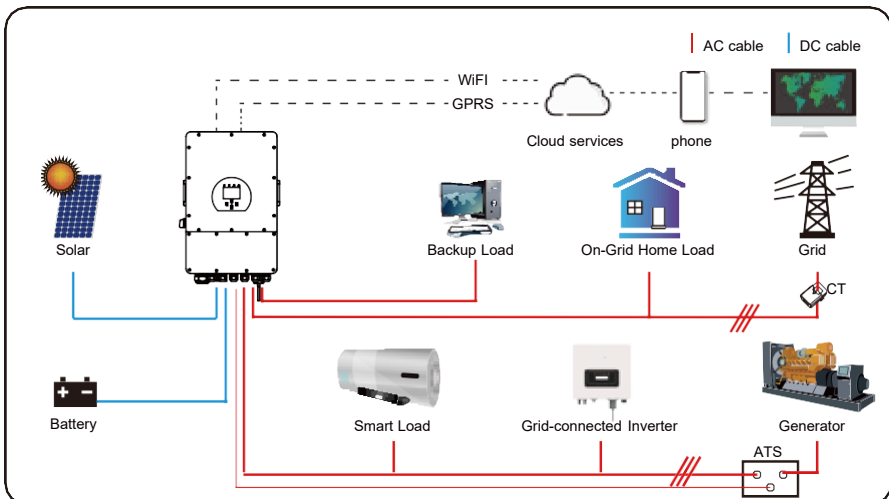
## 2.4 Basic System Architecture

The following illustration shows basic application of this inverter. It also includes following devices to have a Complete running system.

- Generator or Utility
- PV modules

Consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements.

This inverter can power all kinds of appliances in home or office environment, including motor type appliances such as refrigerator and air conditioner.

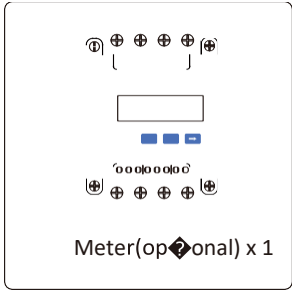


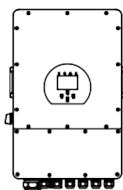
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### 3. Installation

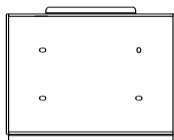
#### 3.1 Parts List

Check the equipment before installation. Please make sure nothing is damaged in the package. You should have received the items in the following package:

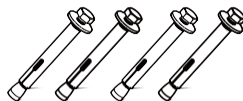




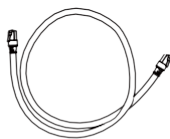
Hybrid inverter  
x1



Wall mounting bracket x1



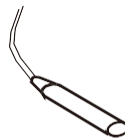
Stainless steel anti-collision  
bolt M8x80  
x4



Parallel communication  
cable x1



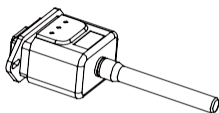
L-type Hexagon wrench  
x1



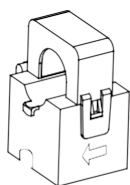
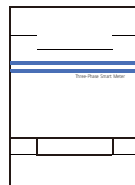
Battery temperature sensor  
x1

User  
manual

User manual x1



Wi-Fi-Plug (optional) x1



Sensor Clamp  
x3



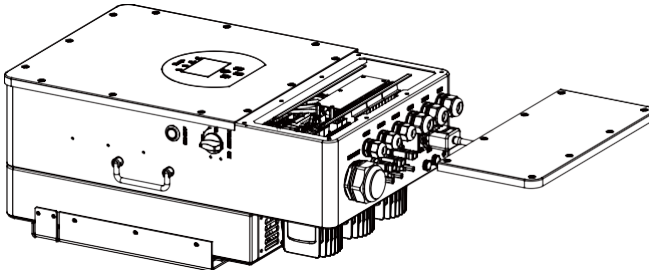
## 3.2 Mounting instructions

### Installation Precaution

This Hybrid inverter is designed for outdoor use(IP65), Please make sure the installation site meets below conditions:

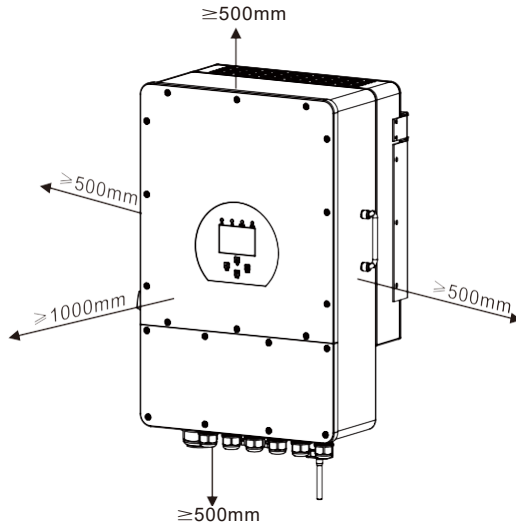
- Not in direct sunlight
- Not in areas where highly flammable materials are stored.
- Not in potential explosive areas.
- Not in the cool air directly.
- Not near the television Antenna or antenna cable.
- Not higher than altitude of about 2000 meters above sea level.
- Not in environment of precipitation or humidity(>95%)

Please AVOID direct sunlight, rain exposure, snow laying up during installation and operation. Before connecting all wires, please take off the metal cover by removing screws as shown below:



### Considering the following points before selecting where to install:

- Please select a vertical wall with load-bearing capacity for installation, suitable for installation on concrete or other non-flammable surfaces, installation is shown below.
- Install this inverter at eye level in order to allow the LCD display to be read at all times.
- The ambient temperature should be between -25~60°C to ensure optimal operation.
- Be sure to keep other objects and surfaces as shown in the diagram to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and have enough space for removing wires.

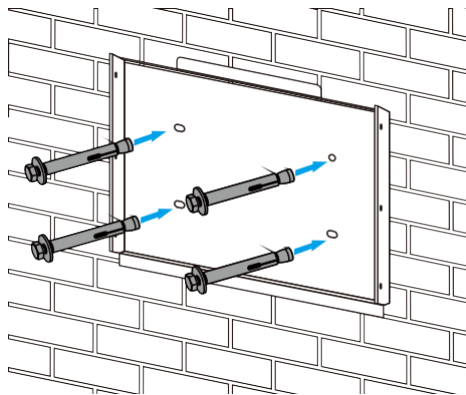


For proper air circulation to dissipate heat, allow a clearance of approx. 50cm to the side and approx. 50cm above and below the unit. And 100cm to the front.

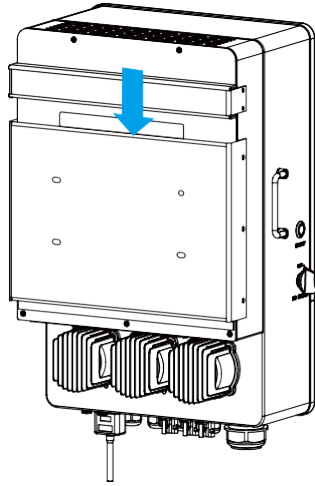
### Mounting the inverter

Remember that this inverter is heavy! Please be careful when lifting out from the package. Choose the recommend drill head(as shown in below pic) to drill 4 holes on the wall, 52-60mm deep.

1. Use a proper hammer to fit the expansion bolt into the holes.
2. Carry the inverter and holding it, make sure the hanger aim at the expansion bolt,fix the inverter on the wall.
3. Fasten the screw head of the expansion bolt to finish the mounting.



Inverter hanging plate installation



### 3.3 Battery connection

For safe operation and compliance, a separate DC over-current protector or disconnect device is required between the battery and the inverter. In some applications, switching devices may not be required but over-current protectors are still required. Refer to the typical amperage in the table below for the required fuse or circuit breaker size.

<i>Model</i>	<i>Wire Size</i>	<i>Cable(mm<sup>2</sup>)</i>	<i>Torque value(max)</i>
8Kw	1AWG	40	24.5Nm
10Kw	1/0AWG	60	24.5Nm
12Kw	1/0AWG	60	24.5Nm

Chart 3-2 Cable size



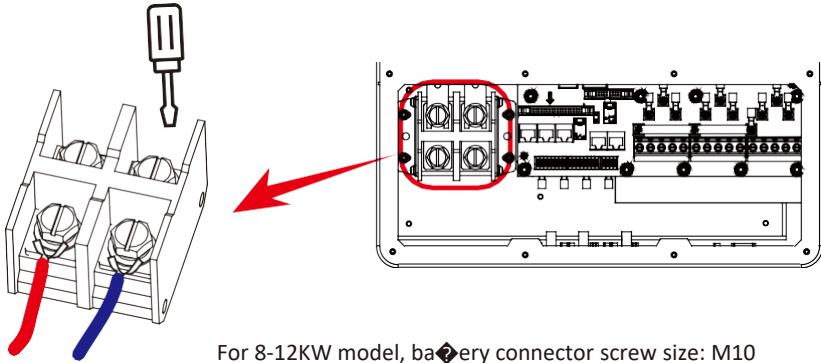
All wiring must be performed by a professional person.



Connecting the battery with a suitable cable is important for safe and efficient operation of the system. To reduce the risk of injury, refer to Chart 3-2 for recommended cables.

Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

1. Please choose a suitable battery cable with correct connector which can well fit into the battery terminals.
2. Use a suitable screwdriver to unscrew the bolts and fit the battery connectors in, then fasten the bolt by the screwdriver, make sure the bolts are tightened with torque of 24.5 N.M in clockwise direction.
3. Make sure polarity at both the battery and inverter is correctly connected.



For 8-12KW model, battery connector screw size: M10

3. In case of children touch or insects go into the inverter, Please make sure the inverter connector is fasten to waterproof position by twist it clockwise.

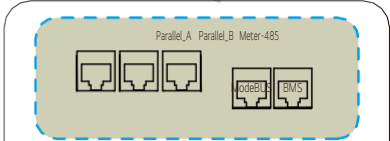
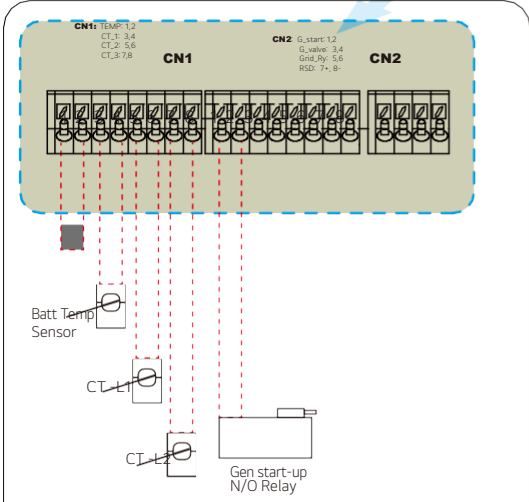
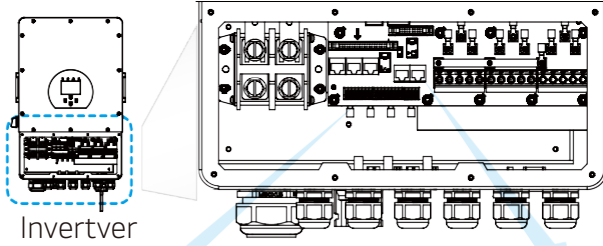


Installation must be performed with care.



Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnect, be sure positive(+) must be connect to positive(+) and negative(-) must be connected to negative(-). Reverse polarity connection on battery will damage the inverter.

### 3.3.2 Function port definition



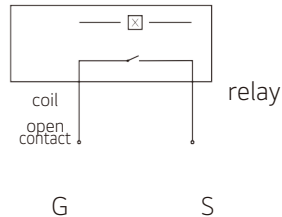
Parallel A: Parallel communication port 1 (CAN interface).  
 Parallel B: Parallel communication port 2 (CAN interface).  
 Meter\_485: for energy meter communication.  
 ModeBUS: Reserved.  
 BMS: BMS port for battery communication (CAN/RS485).

**CN1:** CT-L3

- TEMP (1,2): battery temperature sensor for lead acid battery.
- CT-L1 (3,4): current transformer (CT1) for "zero export to CT" mode clamps on L1 when in three phase system.
- CT-L2 (5,6): current transformer (CT2) for "zero export to CT" mode clamps on L2 when in three phase system.
- CT-L3 (7,8): current transformer (CT3) for "zero export to CT" mode clamps on L3 when in three phase system.

**CN2:**

G-start (1,2): dry contact signal for startup the diesel generator.  
 When the "GEN signal" is active, the open contact (GS) will switch on (no voltage output).  
 G-valve (3,4): reserved.



RSD (7,8): When battery is connected and the

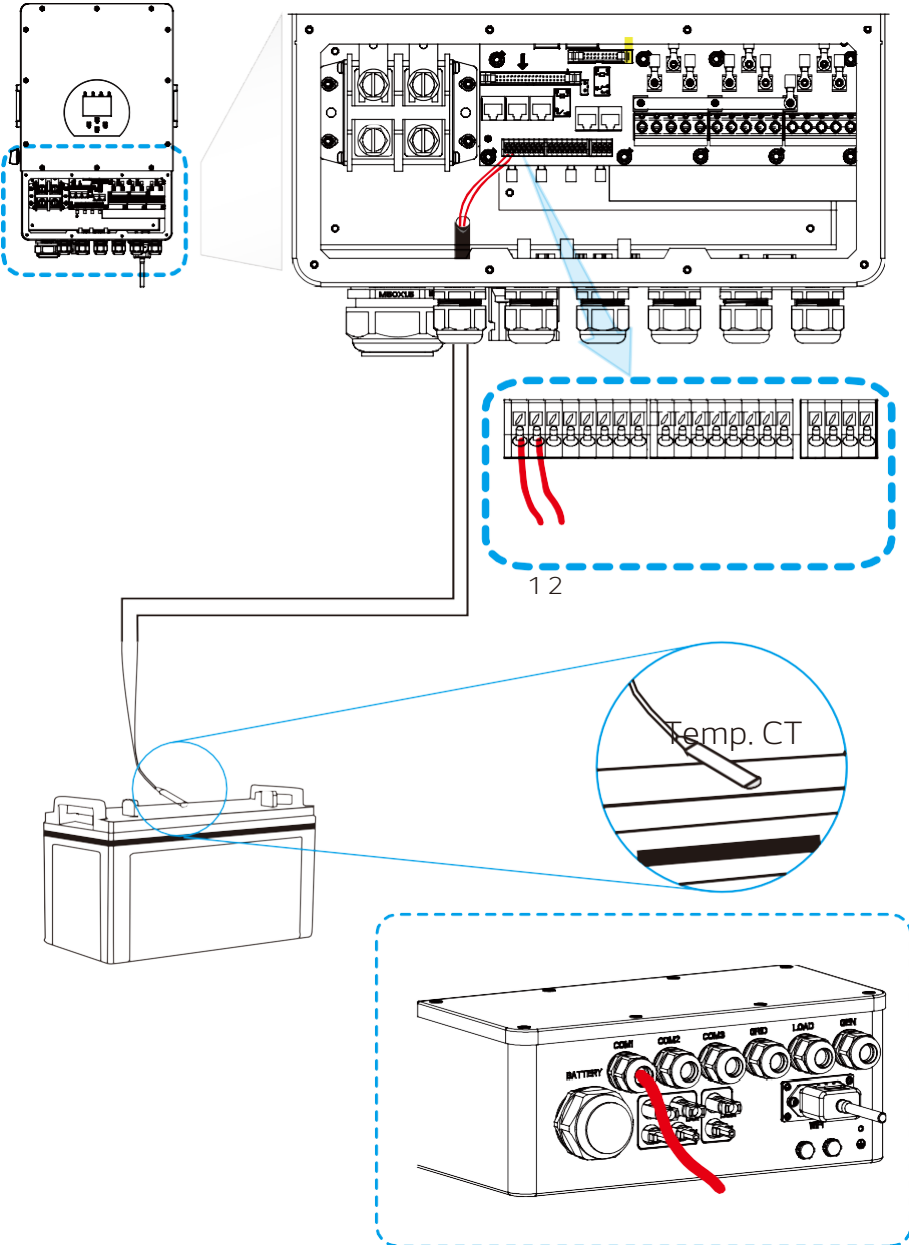
inverter is in "ON" status, it will provide

---

12Vdc.


GS (diesel generator startup signal)

### 3.3.3 Temperature sensor connection for lead-acid battery



### 3.4 Grid connection and backup load connection

- Before connecting to grid, please install a separate AC breaker between inverter and grid. Also, it is recommended that installs an AC breaker between backup load and inverter. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current. The recommended of AC breaker for the load port is 20A for 8kw, 32A for 10kw and 32A for 12KW. The recommended of AC breaker for the grid port is 63A for 8kw, 63A for 10kw and 63A for 12KW.
- There are three terminal blocks with "Grid" "Load" and "GEN" markings. Please do not misconnect input and output connectors.



All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel. It is very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC input connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable as below.

backup load connection

Model	Wire Size	Cable(mm <sup>2</sup> )	Torque value(max)
8/10/12KW	10AWG	4	1.2Nm

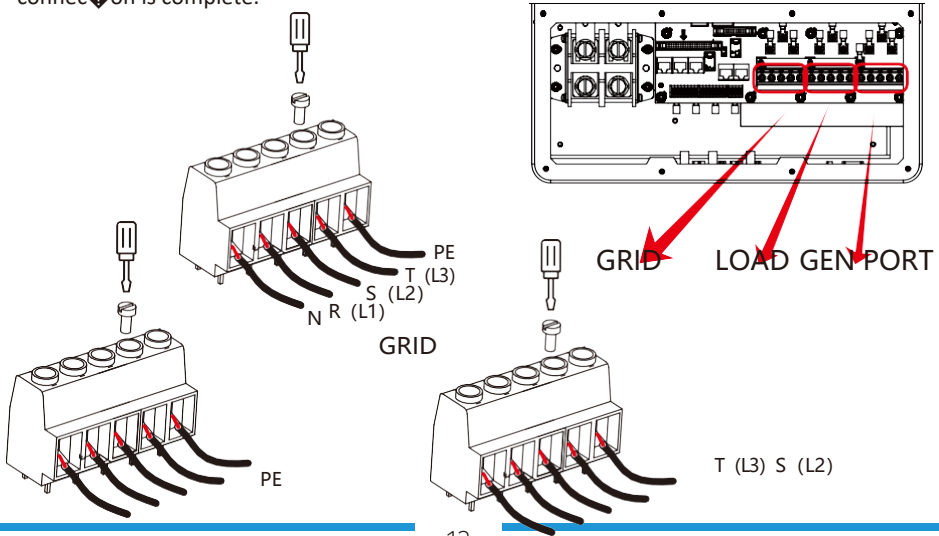
Grid connection

Model	Wire Size	Cable(mm <sup>2</sup> )	Torque value(max)
8/10/12KW	10AWG	6	1.2Nm

Chart 3-3 Recommended Size for AC wires

#### Please follow below steps to implement Grid, load and Gen port connection:

1. Before making Grid, load and Gen port connection, be sure to turn off AC breaker or disconnecter first.
2. Remove insulation sleeve 10mm length, unscrew the bolts, insert the wires according to polarities indicated on the terminal block and tighten the terminal screws. Make sure connection is complete.





---

N R (L1)

S (L2)<sup>T</sup> (L3)<sup>PE</sup>

---

LOAD

N<sup>R</sup> (L1)

GEN PORT



Be sure that AC power source is disconnected before attempting to wire it to the unit.

3. Then, insert AC output wires according to polarities indicated on the terminal block and tighten terminal. Be sure to connect corresponding N wires and PE wires to related terminals as well.
4. Make sure the wires are securely connected.
5. Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2-3 minutes to restart because it is required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuit. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check manufacturer of air conditioner if it is equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this inverter will trigger overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner

### 3.5 PV Connection

Before connecting to PV modules, please install a separately DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules. It is very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

<i>Model</i>	<i>Wire Size</i>	<i>Cable(mm<sup>2</sup>)</i>
8/10/12KW	12AWG	4

Chart 3-4 Cable size



To avoid any malfunction, do not connect any PV modules with possible current leakage to the inverter. For example, grounded PV modules will cause current leakage to the inverter. When using PV modules, please be sure NO grounding.



It is requested to use PV junction box with surge protection. Otherwise, it will cause damage on inverter when lightning occurs on PV modules.

### 3.5.1 PV Module Selection:

When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

- 1) Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
- 2) Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than min. start voltage.

Inverter Model	8KW	10KW	12KW
PV Input Voltage	550V (150V~800V)		
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range	200V-650V		
No. of MPP Trackers	2		
No. of Strings per MPP Tracker	1+1	2+1	2+1

Chart 3-5

### 3.5.2 PV Module Wire Connection:

1. Switch the Grid Supply Main Switch(AC)OFF.
2. Switch the DC Isolator OFF.
3. Assemble PV input connector to the inverter.



**Safety Hint:**

Please don't connect PV array positive or negative pole to the ground, it could cause serious damages to the inverter.



**Safety Hint:**

Before connection, please make sure the polarity of the output voltage of PV array matches the "DC+" and "DC-" symbols.



**Safety Hint:**

Before connecting inverter, please make sure the PV array open circuit voltage is within the 1000V of the inverter.



Pic 5.1 DC+ male connector (MC4)



Pic 5.2 DC- female connector (MC4)



**Safety Hint:**

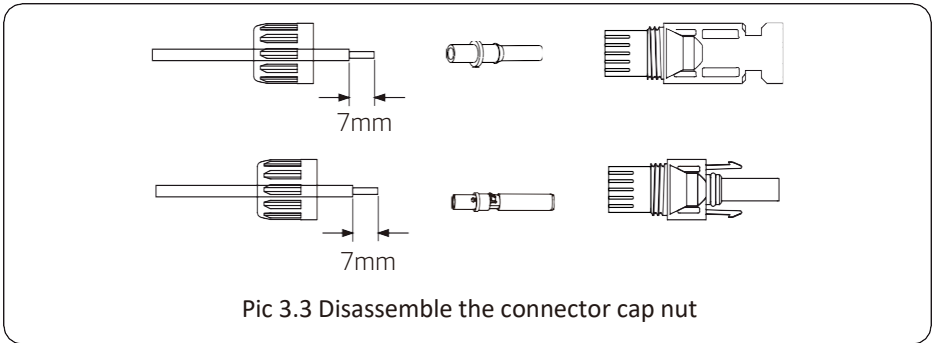
Please use approved DC cable for PV system.

<b>Cable type</b>	<b>Cross section (mm<sup>2</sup>)</b>	
	<b>Range</b>	<b>Recommended value</b>
Industry generic PV cable (model: PV1-F)	4.0~6.0 (12~10AWG)	4.0(12AWG)

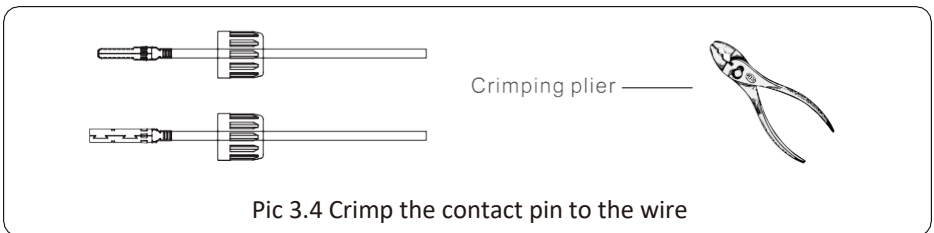
Chart 3-6

The steps to assemble the DC connectors are listed as follows:

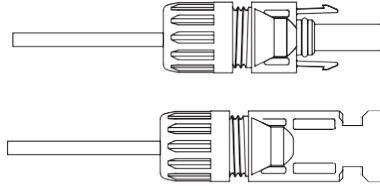
- a) Strip off the DC wire about 7mm, disassemble the connector cap nut (see picture 5.3).



- b) Crimping metal terminals with crimping pliers as shown in picture 5.4.

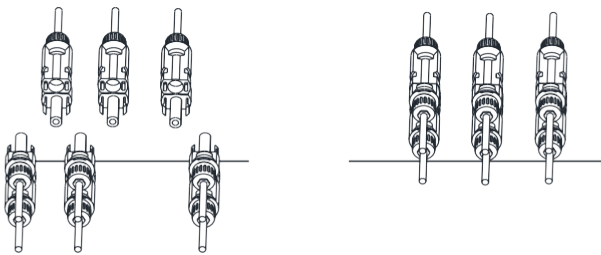


- c) Insert the contact pin to the top part of the connector and screw up the cap nut to the top part of the connector. (as shown in picture 5.5).



Pic 3.5 connector with cap nut screwed on

d) Finally insert the DC connector into the positive and negative input of the inverter, shown in picture 5.6



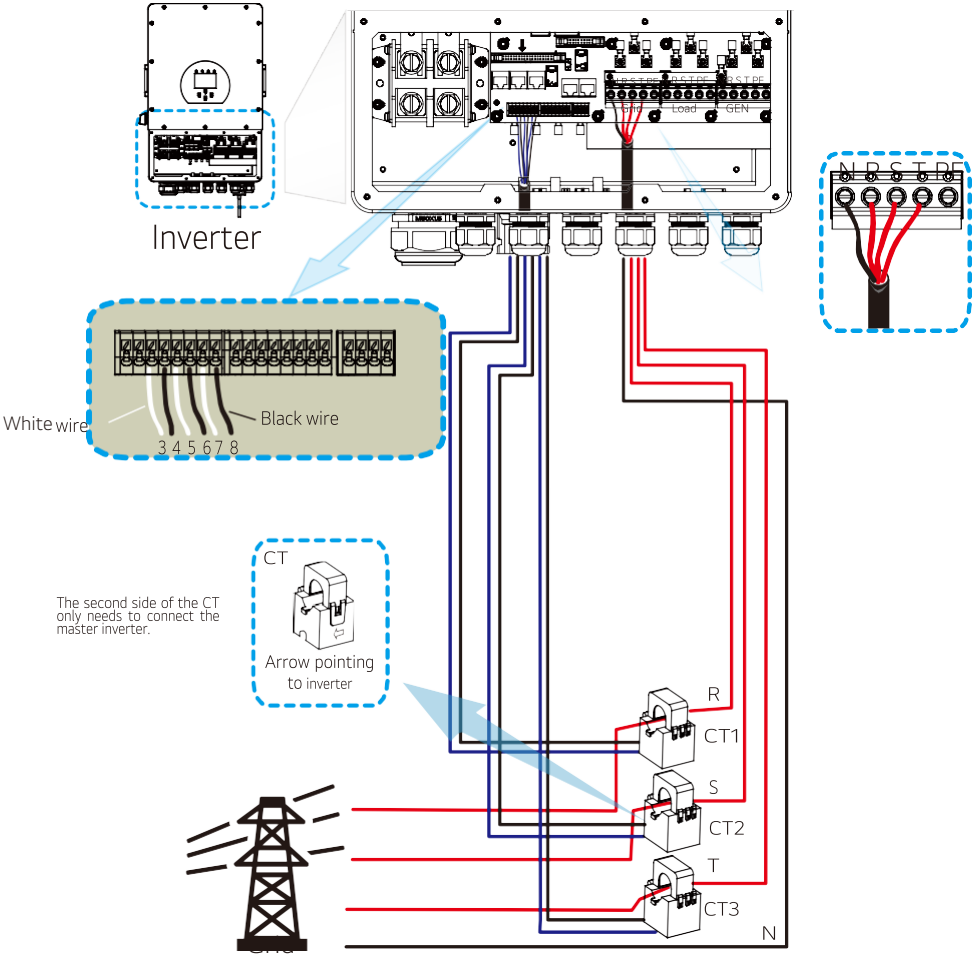
Pic 3.6 DC input connection



**Warning:**

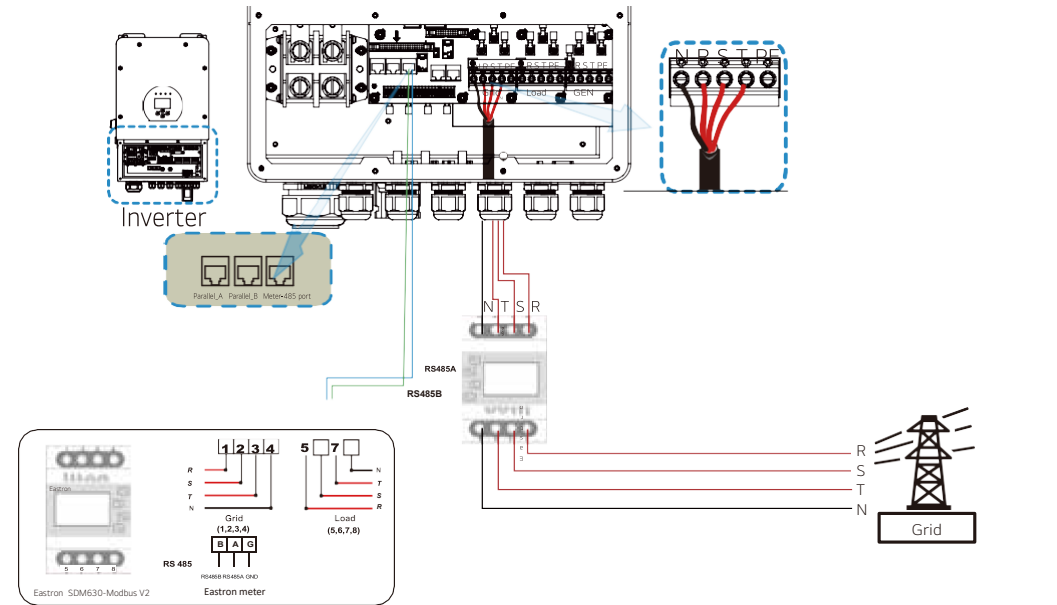
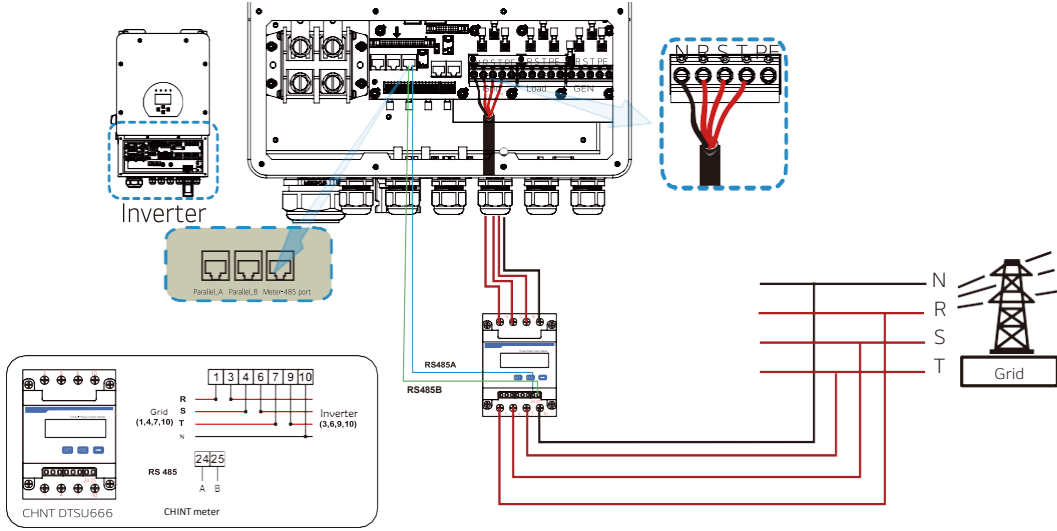
Sunlight shining on the panel will generate voltage, high voltage in series may cause danger to life. Therefore, before connecting the DC input line, the solar panel needs to be blocked by the opaque material and the DC switch should be 'OFF', otherwise, the high voltage of the inverter may lead to life-threatening conditions.

### 3.6 CT Connection



**\*Note :** when the reading of the load power on the LCD is not correct, please reverse the CT arrow.

### 3.6.1 Meter Connection





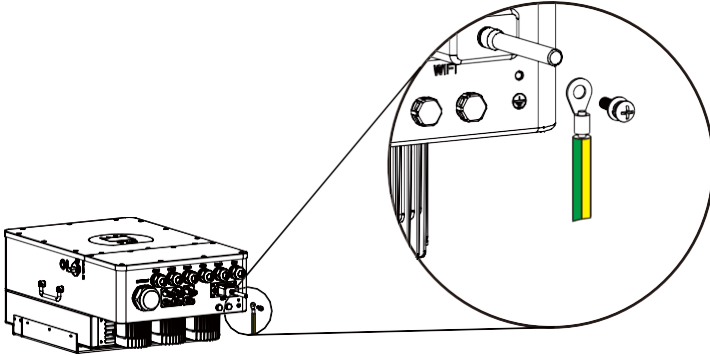


**Note:**

When the inverter is in the off-grid state, the N line needs to be connected to the earth.

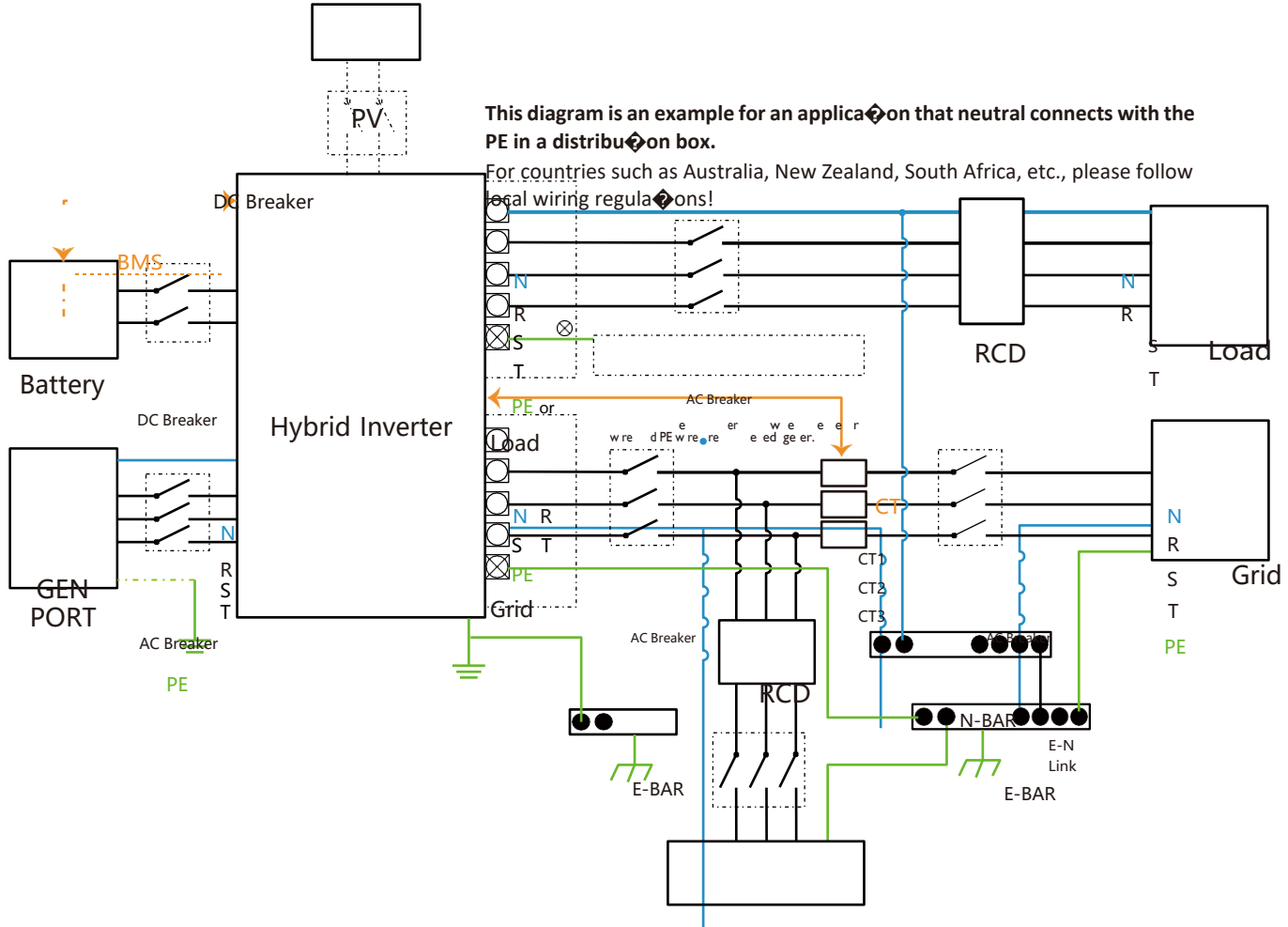
### 3.7 Earth Connection(mandatory)

Ground cable shall be connected to ground plate on grid side this prevents electric shock. if the original protective conductor fails.



### 3.8 WIFI Connection

For the configuration of Wi-Fi Plug, please refer to illustrations of the Wi-Fi Plug.



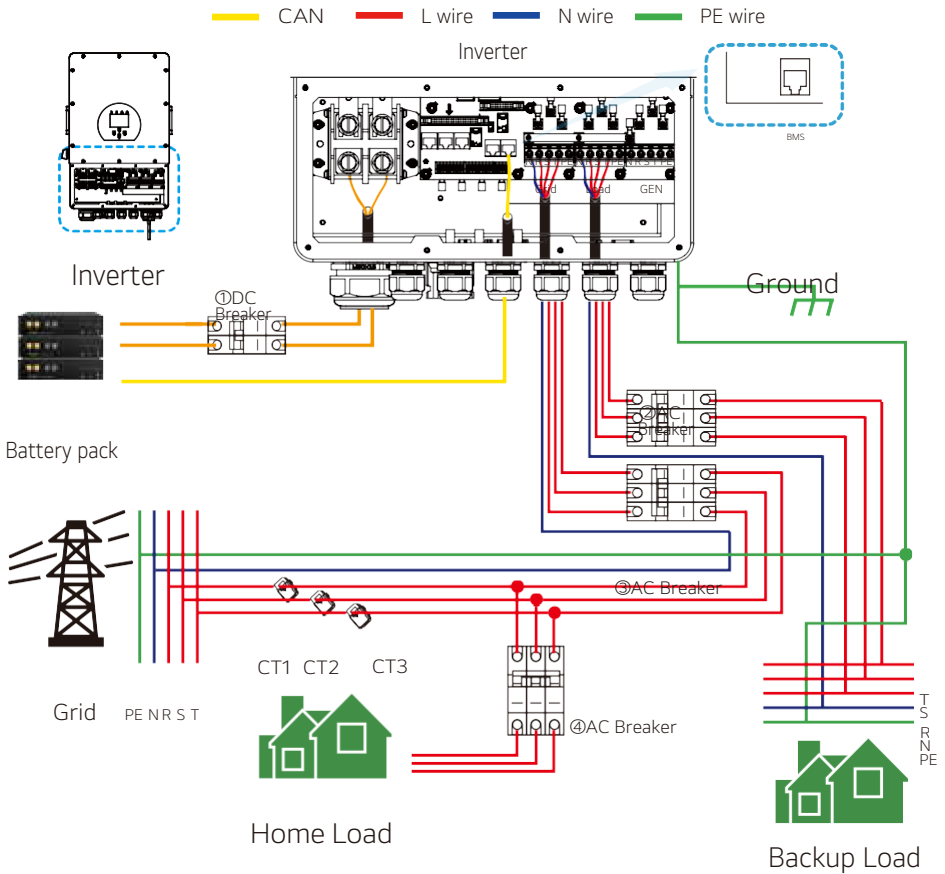
This diagram is an example for an application that neutral connects with the PE in a distribution box.

For countries such as Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, etc., please follow local wiring regulations!

N R S T PE

Home Loads

### 3.10 Wiring diagram



① DC Breaker for battery  
SUN 8K-SG: 250A DC breaker

SUN 10K-SG:300A DC breaker  
SUN 12K-SG:300A DC breaker

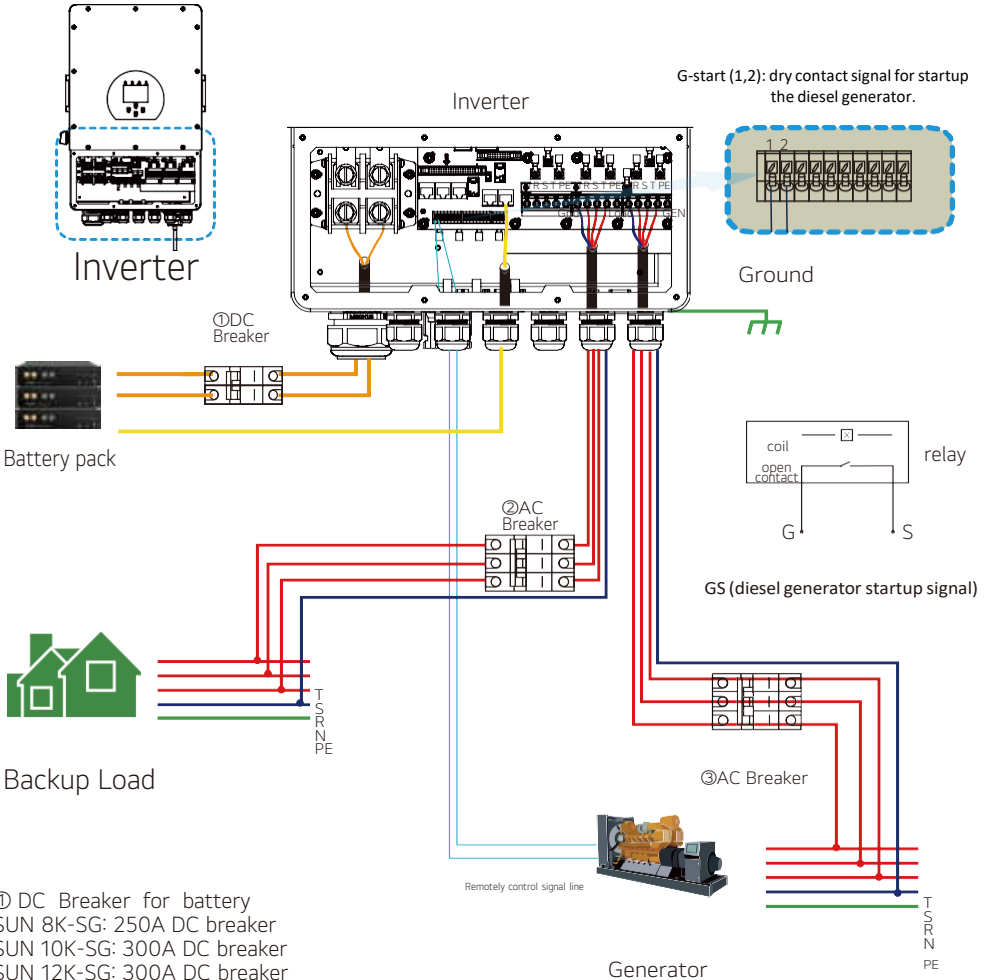
② AC Breaker for backup load  
SUN 8K-SG: 20A AC breaker  
SUN 10K-SG:32A AC breaker  
SUN 12K-SG:32A AC breaker

③ AC Breaker for grid  
SUN 8K-SG: 63A AC breaker  
SUN 10K-SG:63A AC breaker  
SUN 12K-SG:63A AC breaker

④ AC Breaker for home load  
Depends on household loads

### 3.11 Typical application diagram of diesel generator

— CAN   
 — L wire   
 — N wire   
 — PE wire



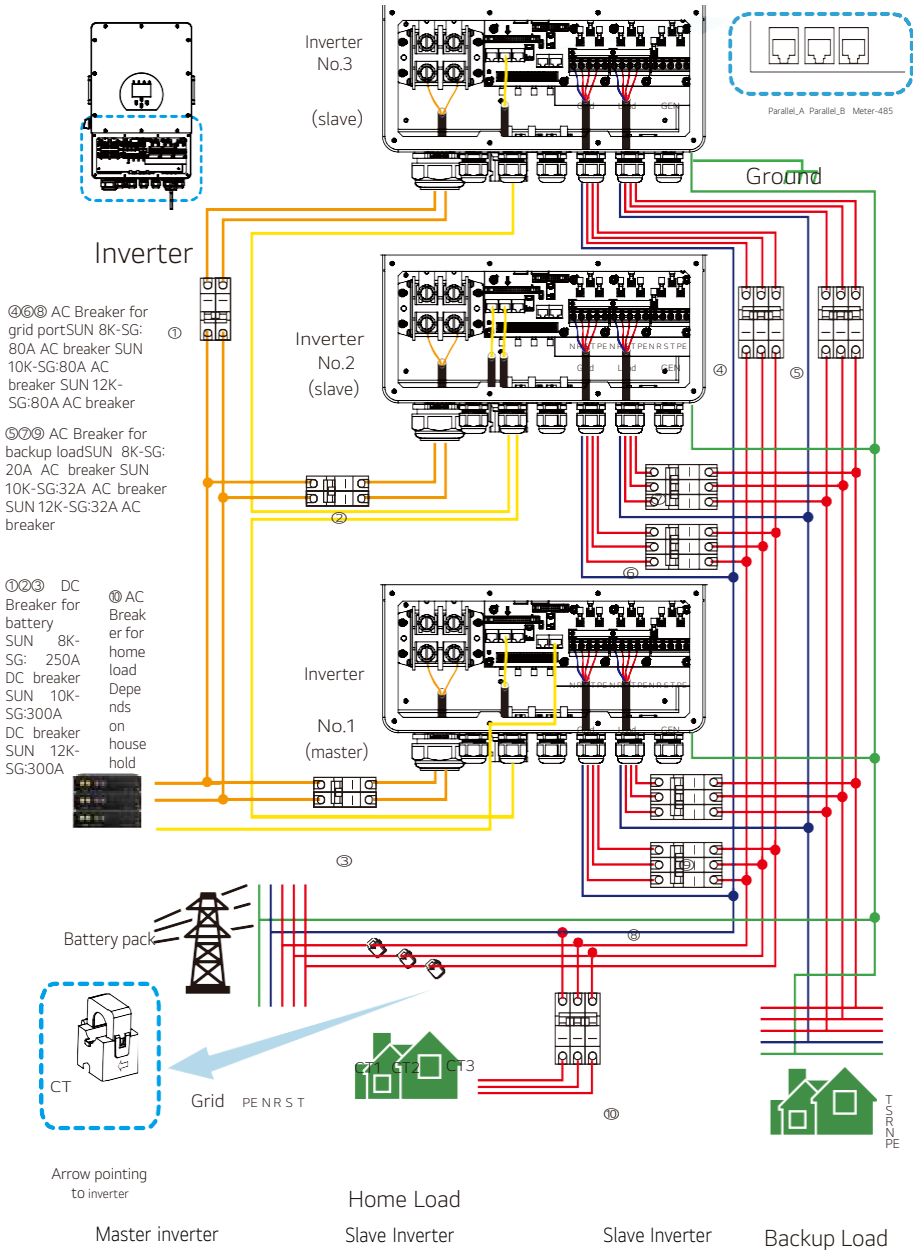
① DC Breaker for battery  
 SUN 8K-SG: 250A DC breaker  
 SUN 10K-SG: 300A DC breaker  
 SUN 12K-SG: 300A DC breaker

② AC Breaker for backup load  
 SUN 8K-SG: 20A AC breaker  
 SUN 10K-SG: 32A AC breaker  
 SUN 12K-SG: 32A AC breaker

③ AC Breaker for Generator port  
 SUN 8K-SG: 63A AC breaker  
 SUN 10K-SG: 63A AC breaker  
 SUN 12K-SG: 63A AC breaker

### 3.12 phase parallel connection diagram(Under development)

— CAN   
 — L wire   
 — N wire   
 — PE wire



\*p ar all eli ng op er ati on fu ncti on is de vel opi ng, an d it ..



Advanced Function

01

No Meter

Advanced Function

02

No Meter

Advanced Function

03

No Meter

## 4. OPERATION

### 4.1 Power ON/OFF

Once the unit has been properly installed and the batteries are connected well, simply press On/Off button (located on the left side of the case) to turn on the unit. When system without battery connected, but connect with either PV or grid, and ON/OFF button is switched off, it will still light up (Display will show OFF). In this condition, when switch on ON/OFF button and select NO battery, system can still working.

### 4.2 Operation and Display Panel

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes four indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.

<i>LED Indicator</i>		<i>Messages</i>
DC	Green led solid light	PV Connection normal
AC	Green led solid light	Grid Connection normal
Normal	Green led solid light	Inverter operating normal
Alarm	Red led solid light	Malfunction or warning

Chart 4-1 LED indicators

<i>Function Key</i>	<i>Description</i>
Esc	To exit setting mode
Up	To go to previous selection
Down	To go to next selection
Enter	To confirm the selection

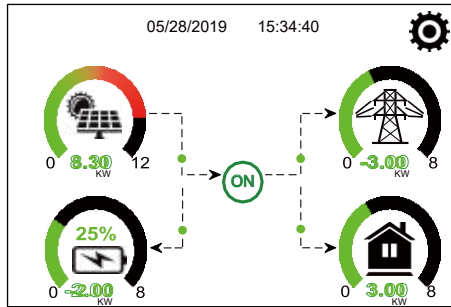
Chart 4-2 Function Buttons



## 5. LCD Display Icons

### 5.1 Main Screen

The LCD is touchscreen, below screen shows the overall information of the inverter.



1. The icon in the center of the home screen indicates that the system is Normal operation. If it turns into "comm./F01~F64", it means the inverter has communication errors or other errors, the error message will display under this icon (F01-F64 errors, detail error info can be viewed in the System Alarms menu).

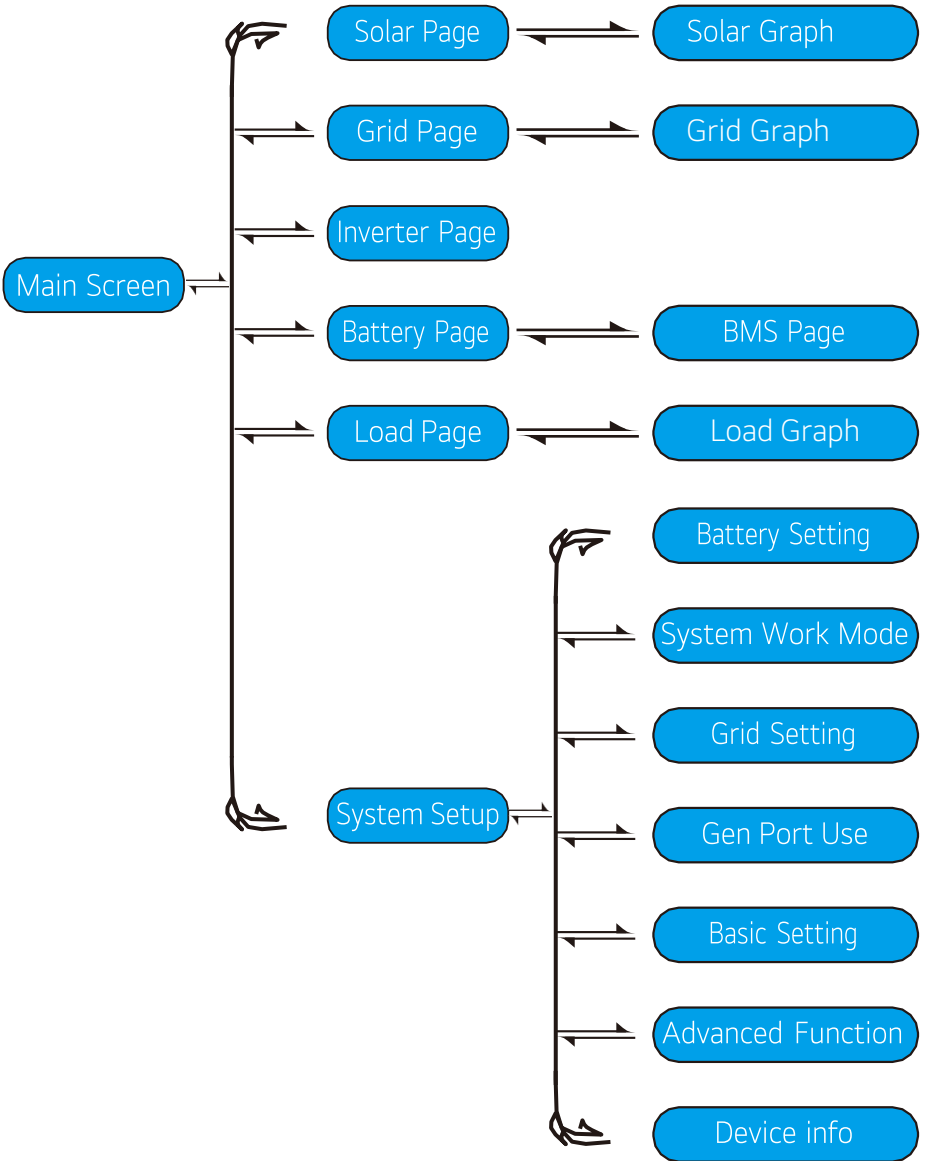
2. At the top of the screen is the Time.

3. System Setup Icon, Press this set button, you can enter into the system setup screen which including Basic Setup, Battery Setup, Grid Setup, System Work Mode, Generator port use, Advanced function and Li-Battery info.

4. The main screen showing the info including Solar, Grid, Load and Battery. Its also displaying the energy flow direction by arrow. When the power is approximate to high level, the color on the panels will changing from green to red so system info showing vividly on the main screen.

- PV power and Load power always keep positive.
- Grid power negative means sell to grid, positive means get from grid.
- Battery power negative means charge, positive means discharge.

5.1.1 LCD operation flow chart



## 5.2 Solar Power Curve

**Solar**

Power: 1560W	①	Today=8.0 KWH	③
PV1-V: 286V	PV2-V: 45V	②	Total =12.00 KWH
PV1-I: 5.5A	PV2-I: 0.0A		
PV1-P: 1559W	PV2-P: 1W		

Energy

This is Solar Panel detail page.

- ① Solar Panel Generation.
- ② Voltage, Current, Power for each MPPT.
- ③ Solar Panel energy for Day and Total.

Press the “Energy “ button will enter into the power curve page.

1166w	1244w 50Hz	-81w 50Hz	①
221v 0w	222v 0.8w	222v 0.1A	
229v 1166w	229v 5.0w	230v 0.1A	
225v 0w	229v 0.9w	223v 0.1A	
<b>Load</b>	HM: LD:	INV_P:	
SOC:99%	-10W 28W	-30W	
-21w	5W 1192W	-26W AC_T:	
BAT_V:53.65V	0W 24W	-25W 38.8C	
BAT_I: -0.41A	<b>Grid</b>	<b>Inverter</b>	
BAT_T: 27.0C	DC_P1: 0W	DC_P2: 0W	
<b>Battery</b>	DC_V1: 0V	DC_V2: 0V	
	DC_I1: 0.0A	DC_I2: 0.0A	
	<b>PV1</b>	<b>PV2</b>	

This is Inverter detail page.

- ① Inverter Generation.
- Voltage, Current, Power for each Phase.
- AC-T: mean Heat-sink temperature.

**Load**

Power: 55W	①	Today=0.5 KWH	③
		Total =1.60 KWH	
L1: 220V	P1: 19W	②	
L2: 220V	P2: 18W		
L3: 220V	P3: 18W		

Energy

This is Back-up Load detail page.

- ① Back-up Power.
- ② Voltage, Power for each Phase.
- ③ Back-up consumption for Day and Total.

Press the “Energy “ button will enter into the power curve page.

**Grid**

Stand by 0W	①	BUY	③
0.0Hz		Today=2.2KWH	
CT1 : 0W	LD1 : 0W	Total =11.60 KWH	
CT2: 0W	LD2 : 0W	SELL	
CT3: 0W	LD3 : 0W	Today=0.0KWH	
L1: 0V	L2: 0V	L3: 0V	②
		Total =8.60 KWH	

Energy

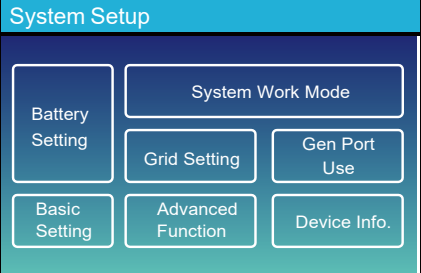
This is Grid detail page.

- ① Status, Power, Frequency.
- ② L: Voltage for each Phase  
CT: Power detected by the external current sensors  
LD: Power detected using internal sensors on AC grid in/out breaker
- ③ BUY: Energy from Grid to Inverter,  
SELL: Energy from Inverter to grid.

Press the “Energy “ button will enter into the power curve page.

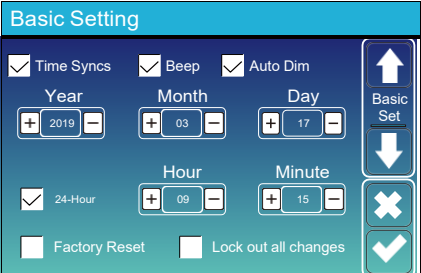


## 5.4 System Setup Menu



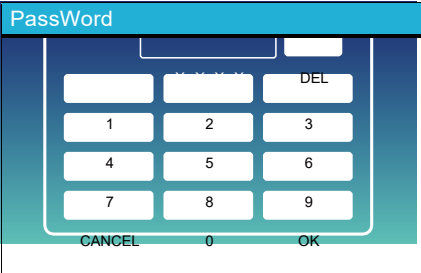
This is System Setup page.

## 5.5 Basic Setup Menu



**Factory Reset:** Reset all parameters of the inverter.

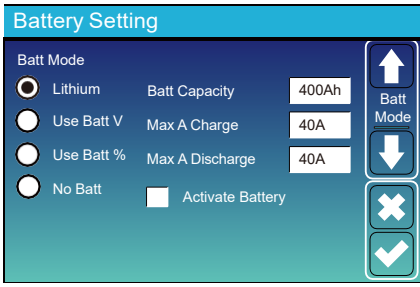
**Lock out all changes:** Enable this menu for setting parameters that require locking and cannot be set up. Before performing a successful factory reset and locking the systems, to keep all changes you need to type in a password to enable the setting. The password for factory settings is 9999 and for lock out is 7777.



**Factory Reset PassWork:** 9999

**Lock out all changes PassWork:** 7777

## 5.6 Battery Setup Menu



**Battery capacity:** it tells Deye hybrid inverter to know your battery bank size.

**Use Batt V:** Use Battery Voltage for all the settings (V).

**Use Batt %:** Use Battery SOC for all the settings (%).

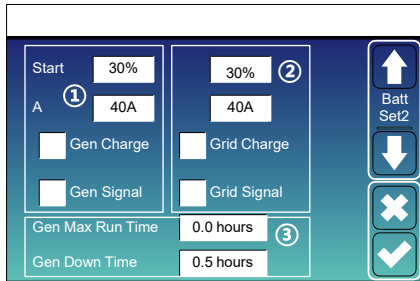
**Max. A charge/discharge:** Max battery charge/discharge current (0-115A for 5KW model, 0-90A for 3.6KW model). For AGM and Flooded, we recommend Ah battery size x 20% = Charge/Discharge amps.

. For Lithium, we recommend Ah battery size x 50% = Charge/Discharge amps.

. For Gel, follow manufacturer's instructions.

**No Batt:** Check this item if no battery is connected to the system.

**Activate battery:** This feature will help recover a battery that is over discharged by slowly charging from the solar array or grid.



This is Battery Setup page. ① ③

**Start =30%:** Percent S.O.C at 30% system will AutoStart a connected generator to charge the battery bank.

**A = 40A:** Charge rate of 40A from the attached generator in Amps.

**Gen Charge:** uses the gen input of the system to charge battery bank from an attached generator.

**Gen Signal:** Normally open relay that closes when the Gen Start signal state is active.

**Gen Max Run Time:** It indicates the longest time Generator can run in one day, when time is up, the Generator will be turned off. 24H means that it does not shut down all the time.

**Gen Down Time:** It indicates the delay time of the Generator to shut down after it has reached the running time.

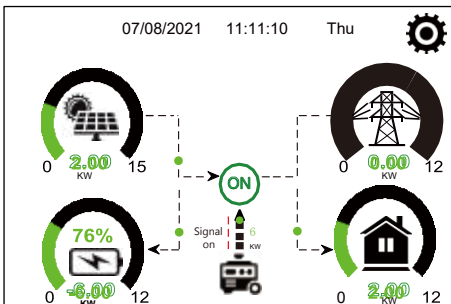
This is Grid Charge, you need select. ②

**Start =30%:** No use, Just for customization.

**A = 40A:** It indicates the Current that the Grid charges the Battery.

**Grid Charge:** It indicates that the grid charges the battery.

**Grid Signal:** Disable.



This page tells the PV and diesel generator power the load and battery.

### Generator

Power: 6000W	Today=10 KWH
	Total =10 KWH
V_L1: 230V	P_L1: 2KW
V_L2: 230V	P_L2: 2KW
V_L3: 230V	P_L3: 2KW

This page tells generator output voltage, frequency, power. And, how much energy is used from generator.

### Battery Setting

Lithium Mode	<input type="text" value="90"/>	<input type="button" value="↑"/> <input type="button" value="Batt Set3"/> <input type="button" value="↓"/> <input type="button" value="✕"/> <input type="button" value="✓"/>
Shutdown	<input type="text" value="10%"/>	
Low Batt	<input type="text" value="20%"/>	
Restart	<input type="text" value="40%"/>	

**Lithium Mode:** This is BMS protocol. Please reference the document (Approved Battery).

**Shutdown 10%:** It indicates the inverter will shutdown if the SOC below this value.

**Low Battery 20%:** It indicates the inverter will alarm if the SOC below this value.

**Restart 40%:** Battery voltage at 40% AC output will resume.

### Battery Setting

Float V <b>①</b>	<input type="text" value="53.6V"/>	Shutdown <b>③</b>	<input type="text" value="20%"/>	<input type="button" value="↑"/> <input type="button" value="Batt Set3"/> <input type="button" value="↓"/> <input type="button" value="✕"/> <input type="button" value="✓"/>
Absorption V	<input type="text" value="57.6V"/>	Low Batt	<input type="text" value="35%"/>	
Equalization V	<input type="text" value="57.6V"/>	Restart	<input type="text" value="50%"/>	
Equalization Days	<input type="text" value="30 days"/>	TEMPCO(mV/C/Cell)	<input type="text" value="2"/>	
Equalization Hours	<input type="text" value="3.0 hours"/>	Batt Resistance	<input type="text" value="25mOhms"/>	

**There are 3 stages of charging the Battery .** **①**

This is for professional installers, you can keep it if you do not know. **②**

**Shutdown 20%:** The inverter will shutdown if the SOC below this value.

**Low Battery 35%:** The inverter will alarm if the SOC below this value. **③**

**Restart 50%:** Battery SOC at 50% AC output will resume.

Recommended battery settings

Battery Type	Absorption Stage	Float Stage	Torque value (every 30 days 3hr )
AGM (or PCC)	14.2v (57.6v)	13.4v (53.6v)	14.2v(57.6v)
Gel	14.1v (56.4v)	13.5v (54.0v)	
Wet	14.7v (59.0v)	13.7v (55.0v)	14.7v(59.0v)
Lithium	Follow its BMS voltage parameters		

5.7 System Work Mode Setup Menu

**System Work Mode**

Selling First    12000 Max Solar Power

Zero Export To Load     Solar Sell

Zero Export To CT     Solar Sell

Max Sell Power 12000    Zero-export Power 20

Energy pattern     BattFirst     LoadFirst

Grid Peak Shaving    8000 Power

↑

Work Mode1

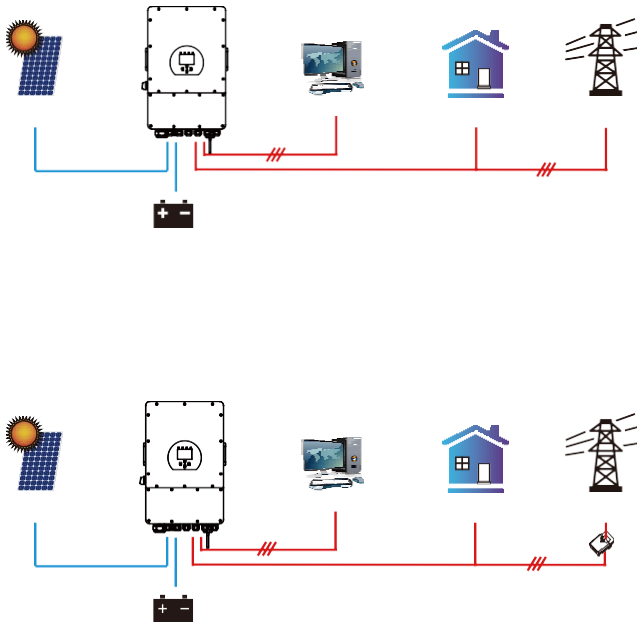
↓

✕

✓

**Work Mode**  
**Selling First:** This Mode allows hybrid inverter to sell back any excess power produced by the solar panels to the grid. If time of use is active, the battery energy can be sold into grid.  
 The PV energy will be used to power the load and charge the battery and then excess energy will flow to grid.  
 Power source priority for the load is as follows:

1. Solar Panels.
2. Grid.
3. Batteries (until programable % discharge is reached).





**Zero Export To Load:** Hybrid inverter will only provide power to the backup load connected. The hybrid inverter will neither provide power to the home load nor sell power to grid. The built-in CT will detect power flowing back to the grid and will reduce the power of the inverter only to supply the local load and charge the battery.

Solar Backup Load On-Grid Home Load Grid

Battery

**Zero Export To CT:** Hybrid inverter will not only provide power to the backup load connected but also give power to the home load connected. If PV power and battery power is insufficient, it will take grid energy as supplement. The hybrid inverter will not sell power to grid. In this mode, a CT is needed. The installation method of the CT please refer to chapter 3.6 CT Connection. The external CT will detect power flowing back to the grid and will reduce the power of the inverter only to supply the local load, charge battery and home load.

Solar Backup Load On-Grid Home Load Grid

CT

Battery

**Solar Sell:** "Solar sell" is for Zero export to load or Zero export to CT: when this item is active, the surplus energy can be sold back to grid. When it is active, PV Power source priority usage is as follows: load consumption and charge battery and feed into grid.

**Max. sell power:** Allowed the maximum output power to flow to grid.

**Zero-export Power:** for zero-export mode, it tells the grid output power. Recommend to set it as 20-100W to ensure the hybrid inverter won't feed power to grid.

**Energy Pattern:** PV Power source priority.

**Battery First:** PV power is firstly used to charge the battery and then used to power the load. If PV power is insufficient, grid will make supplement for battery and load simultaneously.

**Load First:** PV power is firstly used to power the load and then used to charge the battery. If PV power is insufficient, Grid will provide power to load.

**Max Solar Power:** allowed the maximum DC input power.

**Grid Peak shaving:** when it is active, grid output power will be reduced when the grid output power exceeds the limit. It will take PV power and battery power as supplement. Any power exceeding the limit will be used to power the load. Only check "Time Of Use" then the follow items (Grid, charge, time, power etc.) will take effect.

**Note:** when in selling first mode and click "Time of use", the battery power can be sold into grid.

**Grid charge:** utilize grid to charge the battery in a time period.

**Gen charge:** utilize diesel generator to charge the battery in a time period.

**Time:** real time, range of 01:00-24:00.

**Power:** Max. discharge power of battery allowed.

activation is to happen.

**For example:**

During 01:00-05:00, when battery SOC is lower than 80%, it will use grid to charge the battery until battery SOC reaches 80%.

During 05:00-08:00 and 08:00-10:00, when battery SOC is higher than 40%, hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 40%.

During 10:00-15:00, when battery SOC is higher than 80%, hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 80%.

During 15:00-18:00, when battery SOC is higher than 40%, hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 40%.

During 18:00-01:00, when battery SOC is higher than 35%, hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 35%.

**System Work Mode**

Grid Charge	Gen	Time	Power	Batt
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			

Time Of Use

Start Time	End Time	Power	Batt
01:00	5:00	12000	49.0V
05:00	9:00	12000	50.2V
09:00	13:00	12000	50.9V
13:00	17:00	12000	51.4V
17:00	21:00	12000	47.1V
21:00	01:00	12000	49.0V

Work Mode2

**System Work Mode**

Grid Charge	Gen	Time	Power	Batt
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			

Time Of Use

Start Time	End Time	Power	Batt
01:00	5:00	12000	80%
05:00	8:00	12000	40%
08:00	10:00	12000	40%
10:00	15:00	12000	80%
15:00	18:00	12000	40%
18:00	01:00	12000	35%

Work Mode2

## 5.8 Grid Setup Menu

Grid Mode

- General Standard
- UL1741 & IEEE1547
- CPUC RULE21
- SRD-UL-1741

Grid Level

- 220V-3P
- 230V-3P
- 240V-3P
- 133V-3P
- 120V-3P

Phase Type

- 0/120/240
- 0/240/120

Please select the correct Grid Mode in your local area. If you are not sure, please choose General Standard.

Please select the correct Grid Type in your local area, otherwise the machine will not work or be damaged.

Phase type: When the inverter LCD shows "W03" which means the grid phase is error, please try to use "0/120/240".

Grid Frequency

- 50HZ
- 60HZ

Reconnection Time: 60S PF: 1.000

Grid HZ High: 53.0Hz Grid Vol High: 265.0V

Grid HZ Low: 49.0Hz Grid Vol Low: 185.0V

**UL1741&IEEE1547, CPUC RULE21, SRD-UL-1741**

No need to set the function of this interface.

**General Standard**

Please select the correct Grid Frequency in your local area.

You can hole this in default value.

Q(V)  FW  VV

V1:0.0V Q1:0.00 Fstart:0.00Hz Vstart:0.0V

V2:0.0V Q2:0.00 Fstop:0.00Hz Vstop:0.0V

V3:0.0V Q3:0.00 Normal Ramp rate: 0.0%/s

V4:0.0V Q4:0.00 Soft Start Ramp rate: 0.0%/s

For California only.

<input type="checkbox"/> L/HVRT		<input type="checkbox"/> L/HFRT		↑ Grid Set4	
HV2:0.0V	0.16S			↓	
HV1:0.0V	0.16S	HF2:0.00HZ	0.16S		
LV1:0.0V	0.16S	HF1:0.00HZ	0.16S		
LV2:0.0V	0.16S	LF1:0.00HZ	0.16S		
LV3:0.0V	0.16S	LF2:0.00HZ	0.16S		

For California only.

## 5.9 Generator Port Use Setup Menu

GEN PORT USE

**Mode**

Generator Input     GEN connect to Grid Input

Rated Power:

SmartLoad Output     On Grid always on

AC Couple Fre High:

Micro Inv Input    OFF:     ON:

MI export to Grid cutoff

↑

PORT Set1

↓

✕

✓

**Generator input rated power:** allowed Max. power from diesel generator.

**GEN connect to grid input:** connect the diesel generator to the grid input port.

**Smart Load Output:** This mode utilizes the Gen input connection as an output which only receives power when the battery SOC and PV power is above a user programmable threshold.

**e.g. ON: 100%, OFF=95%:** When the PV power exceeds 500W, and battery bank SOC reaches 100%, Smart Load Port will switch on automatically and power the load connected. When the battery bank SOC < 95%, the Smart Load Port will switch off automatically.

### Smart Load OFF Battery

- Battery SOC at which the Smart load will switch off.

### Smart Load ON Battery

- Battery SOC at which the Smart load will switch on. simultaneously and then the Smart load will switch on.

**On Grid always on:** When click "on Grid always on" the smart load will switch on when the grid is present.

**Micro Inv Input:** To use the Generator input port as a micro-inverter on grid inverter input (AC coupled), this feature will also work with "Grid-Tied" inverters.

\* Micro Inv Input OFF: when the battery SOC exceeds setting value, Microinverter or grid-tied inverter will shut down.

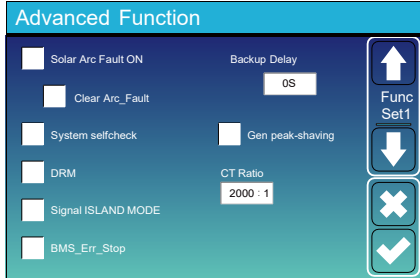
\* Micro Inv Input ON: when the battery SOC is lower than setting value, Microinverter or grid-tied inverter will start to work.

**AC Couple Fre High:** If choosing "Micro Inv input", as the battery SOC reaches gradually setting value (OFF), During the process, the microinverter output power will decrease linear. When the battery SOC equals to the setting value (OFF), the system frequency will become the setting value (AC couple Fre high) and the Microinverter will stop working.

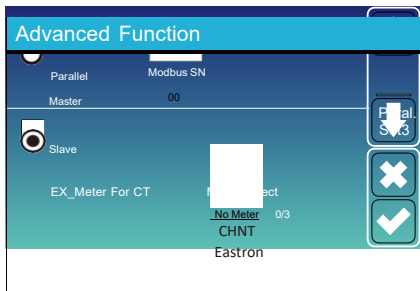
MI export to grid cutoff: Stop exporting power produced by the microinverter to the grid.

\* Note: Micro Inv Input OFF and On is valid for some certain FW version only.

## 5.10 Advanced Function Setup Menu



**Solar Arc Fault ON:** This is only for US.  
**System selfcheck:** Disable. this is only for factory.  
**Gen Peak-shaving:** Enable When the power of the generator exceeds the rated value of it, the inverter will provide the redundant part to ensure that the generator will not overload.  
**DRM:** For AS4777 standard  
**Backup Delay:** Reserved  
**BMS\_Err\_Stop:** When it is active, if the battery BMS failed to communicate with inverter, the inverter will stop working and report fault.  
**Signal island mode:** Reserved.



**Ex\_Meter For CT:** when using zero-export to CT mode, the hybrid inverter can select EX\_Meter For CT function and use the different meters.e.g.CHNT and Eastron.

## 5.11 Device Info Setup Menu

Device Info.		
SUN-12K	Inverter ID: 2102199870	Flash
HMI: Ver 1001-8010 MAIN:Ver2002-1046-1707		
Alarms Code	Occurred	Device Info
F13 Grid_Mode_changed	2021-06-11 13:17	↑
F23 Tz_GFCL_OC_Fault	2021-06-11 08:23	↓
F13 Grid_Mode_changed	2021-06-11 08:21	✕
F56 DC_VoltLow_Fault	2021-06-10 13:05	✓

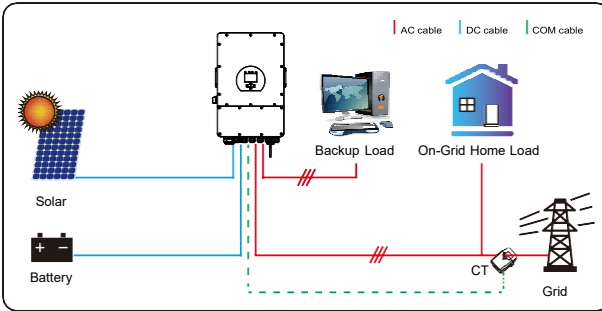
This page show Inverter ID, Inverter version and alarm codes.

HMI: LCD version

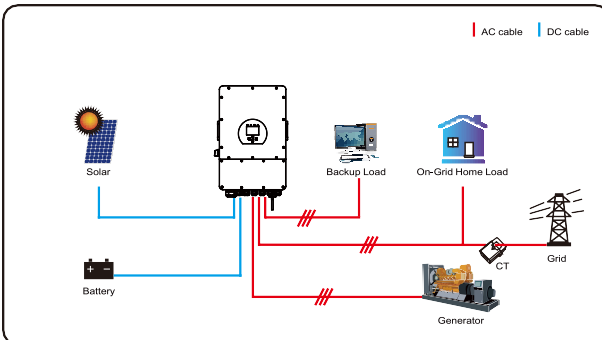
MAIN: Control board FW version

## 6. Mode

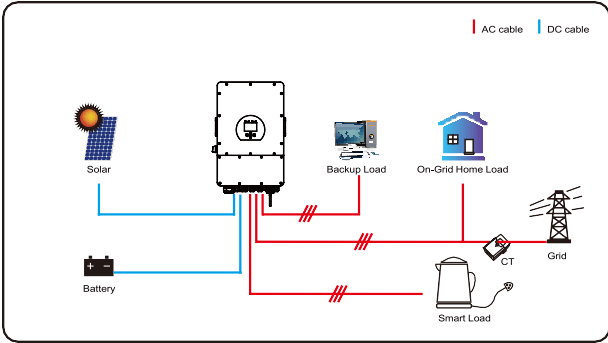
### Mode I: Basic



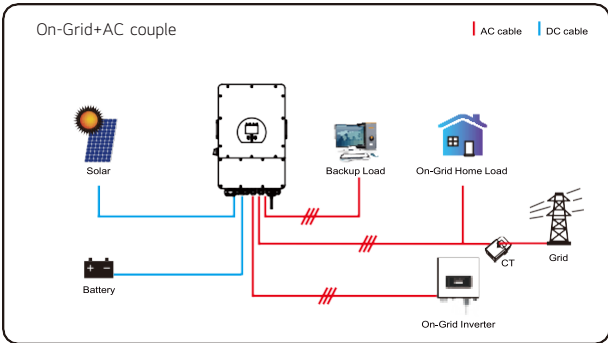
### Mode II: With Generator



### Mode III: With Smart-Load



### Mode IV: AC Couple



The 1st priority power of the system is always the PV power, then 2nd and 3rd priority power will be the battery bank or grid according to the settings. The last power backup will be the Generator if it is available.

## 7. Limitation of Liability

In addition to the product warranty described above, the state and local laws and regulations provide financial compensation for the product's power connection (including violation of implied terms and warranties). The company hereby declares that the terms and conditions of the product and the policy cannot and can only legally exclude all liability within a limited scope.



<b>Error code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Solutions</b>
F01	DC input polarity reverse fault	1, Check the PV input polarity 2, Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F07	DC_START_Failure	1, The BUS voltage can t be built from PV or battery. 2, Restart the inverter, If the fault still exists, please contact us for help
F13	working mode change	1. When the grid type and frequency changed it will report F13; 2. When the battery mode was changed to "No battery" mode, it will report F13; 3. For some old FW version, it will report F13 when the system work mode changed; 4. Generally, it will disappear automatically when shows F13; 5. If still same, and turn off the DC switch and AC switch and wait for one minute and then turn on the DC/AC switch; 6. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F15	AC over current fault of software	AC side over current fault 1. Please check whether the backup load power and common load power are within the range; 2. Restart and check whether it is in normal; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F16	AC leakage current fault	Leakage current fault 1, Check the PV side cable ground connection 2, Restart the system 2-3 times 3, if the fault still existing, please contact us for help.
F18	AC over current fault of hardware	AC side over current fault 1. Please check whether the backup load power and commonload power are within the range; 2. Restart and check whether it is in normal; 3. Seek help from us, if cannot go back to normal state.
F20	DC over current fault of the hardware	DC side over current fault 1. Check PV module connect and battery connect; 2. When in the off-grid mode, the inverter startup with big power load, it may report F20. Please reduce the load power connected; 3. Turn off the DC switch and AC switch and then wait one minute, then turn on the DC/AC switch again; 4. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.

<b>Error code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Solutions</b>
F21	Tz_HV_Overcurr_fault	BUS over current. 1. Check the PV input current and battery current setting 2. Restart the system 2-3 times. 3. If the fault still exists, please contact us for help.
F22	Tz_EmergStop_Fault	Remotely shutdown 1, it tells the inverter is remotely controlled.
F23	Tz_GFCI_OC_ current is transient over current	Leakage current fault 1. Check PV side cable ground connection. 2. Restart the system 2-3 times. 3. If the fault still exists, please contact us for help.
F24	DC insulation failure	PV isolation resistance is too low 1. Check the connection of PV panels and inverter is firmly and correctly; 2. Check whether the PE cable of inverter is connected to ground; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F26	The DC busbar is unbalanced	1. Please wait for a while and check whether it is normal; 2. When the load power of 3 phases is big different, it will report the F26. 3. When there's DC leakage current, it will report F26 4. Restart the system 2-3 times. 5. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F48	AC lower frequency	Grid frequency out of range 1. Check the frequency is in the range of specification or not; 2. Check whether AC cables are firmly and correctly connected; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F29	Parallel CAN Bus fault	1. When in parallel mode, check the parallel communication cable connection and hybrid inverter communication address setting; 2. During the parallel system startup period, inverters will report F29. But when all inverters are in ON status, it will disappear automatically; 3. If the fault still exists, please contact us for help.
F34	AC Overcurrent fault	1. Check the backup load connected, make sure it is in allowed power range 2. If the fault still exists, please contact us for help
F41	Parallel system stop	1. Check the hybrid inverter work status. If there is 1 pcs hybrid inverter shutdown, all hybrid inverters will report F41 fault. 2. If the fault still exists, please contact us for help

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F42	AC line low voltage	Grid voltage fault 1. Check the AC voltage is in the range of standard voltage inspecification; 2. Check whether grid AC cables are firmly and correctly connected; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
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<b>Error code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Solutions</b>
F46	backup battery fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Please check each battery status, such as voltage/ SOC and parameters etc., and make sure all the parameters are same.</li> <li>2. If the fault still exists, please contact us for help</li> </ol>
F47	AC over frequency	<p>Grid frequency out of range</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the frequency is in the range of specification or not;</li> <li>2. Check whether AC cables are firmly and correctly connected;</li> <li>3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.</li> </ol>
F48	AC lower frequency	<p>Grid frequency out of range</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the frequency is in the range of specification or not;</li> <li>2. Check whether AC cables are firmly and correctly connected;</li> <li>3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.</li> </ol>
F55	DC busbar voltage is too high	<p>BUS voltage is too high</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether battery voltage is too high;</li> <li>2. check the PV input voltage, make sure it is within the allowed range;</li> <li>3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.</li> </ol>
F56	DC busbar voltage is too low	<p>Battery voltage low</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether battery voltage is too low;</li> <li>2. If the battery voltage is too low, using PV or grid to charge the battery;</li> <li>3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.</li> </ol>
F58	BMS communication fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1, it tells the communication between hybrid inverter and battery BMS disconnected when "BMS_Err-Stop" is active"</li> <li>2, if don't want to see this happen, you can disable "BMS_Err-Stop" item on the LCD.</li> <li>3, If the fault still exists, please contact us for help</li> </ol>
F62	DRMs0_stop	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1, the DRM function is for Australia market only.</li> <li>2, Check the DRM function is active or not</li> <li>3, Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state after restart the system</li> </ol>
F34	AC Overcurrent fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1, Check the backup load connected, make sure it is in allowed power range</li> <li>2, If the fault still exists, please contact us for help</li> </ol>
F63	ARC fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. ARC fault detection is only for US market;</li> <li>2. Check PV module cable connection and clear the fault;</li> <li>3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state</li> </ol>
F64	Heat sink high temperature failure	<p>Heat sink temperature is too high</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check whether the work environment temperature is too high;</li> <li>2. Turn off the inverter for 10mins and restart;</li> <li>3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.</li> </ol>

Chart 7-1 Fault information

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Under the guidance of our company, customers return our products so that our company can provide service of maintenance or replacement of products of the same value. Customers need to pay the necessary freight and other related costs. Any replacement or repair of the product will cover the remaining warranty period of the product. If any part of the product or product is replaced by the company itself during the warranty period, all rights and interests of the replacement product or component belong to the company.

Factory warranty does not include damage due to the following reasons:

- Damage during transportation of equipment ;
- Damage caused by incorrect installation or commissioning ;
- Damage caused by failure to comply with operation instructions, installation instructions or maintenance instructions ;
- Damage caused by attempts to modify, alter or repair products ;
- Damage caused by incorrect use or operation ;
- Damage caused by insufficient ventilation of equipment ;
- Damage caused by failure to comply with applicable safety standards or regulations ;
- Damage caused by natural disasters or force majeure (e.g. floods, lightning, overvoltage, storms, fires, etc.)

In addition, normal wear or any other failure will not affect the basic operation of the product. Any external scratches, stains or natural mechanical wear does not represent a defect in the product.

## 8. Datasheet

<i>Model</i>	<i>SUN-8K-SG04LP3</i>	<i>SUN-10K-SG04LP3</i>	<i>SUN-12K-SG04LP3</i>
<b>Battery Input Data</b>			
Battery Type	Lead-acid or Li-Ion		
Battery Voltage Range(V)	40-60V		
Max. Charging Current(A)	190A	210A	240A
Max. Discharging Current(A)	190A	210A	240A
Charging Curve	3 Stages / Equalization		
External Temperature Sensor	yes		
Charging Strategy for Li-Ion Battery	Self-adaptation to BMS		
<b>PV String Input Data</b>			
Max. DC Input Power(W)	10400W	13000W	15600W
PV Input Voltage(V)	550V (150V~800V)		
MPPT Range(V)	200V-650V		
Start-up Voltage(V)	150V		
PV Input Current(A)	13A+13A	26A+13A	26A+13A
Max. PV ISC(A)	17A+17A	34A+17A	34A+17A
No. of MPPT Trackers	2		
No. of Strings Per MPPT Tracker	1+1	2+1	2+1
<b>AC Output Data</b>			
Rated AC Output and UPS Power(W)	8000	10000	12000
Max. AC Output Power(W)	8800	11000	13200
Peak Power(off grid)	2 times of rated power, 10 S		
AC Output Rated Current(A)	12A	15A	18A
Max. AC Current(A)	18A	23A	27A
Max. Continuous AC Passthrough(A)	50A		
Output Frequency and Voltage	50/60Hz; 230/400Vac (Three phase)		
Grid Type	Three Phase		
Current Harmonic Distortion	THD<3% (Linear load<1.5%)		
<b>Efficiency</b>			
Max. Efficiency	97.60%		
Euro Efficiency	97.00%		
MPPT Efficiency	99.90%		
<b>Protection</b>			
PV Arc Fault Detection	Integrated		
PV Input Lightning Protection	Integrated		
Anti-islanding Protection	Integrated		
PV String Input Reverse Polarity Protection	Integrated		
Insulation Resistor Detection	Integrated		
Residual Current Monitoring Unit	Integrated		
Output Over Current Protection	Integrated		
Output Shorted Protection	Integrated		
Output Over Voltage Protection	DC Type II / AC Type II		

<b>Certifications and Standards</b>	
Grid Regulation	VDE 0126, AS4777, NRS2017, G98, G99, IEC61683, IEC62116, IEC61727
Safety Regulation	IEC62109-1, IEC62109-2
EMC	EN61000-6-1, EN61000-6-3, FCC 15 class B
<b>General Data</b>	
Operating Temperature Range(°C)	-25~60°C, >45°C Derating
Cooling	Smart cooling
Noise(dB)	<55 dB
Communication with BMS	RS485; CAN
Weight(kg)	34.5
Size(mm)	422W×658H×281D
Protection Degree	IP65
Installation Style	Wall-mounted
Warranty	5 years